

Ethylene Oxide Production

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Abstract:

Ethylene oxide is a chemical used to make ethylene glycol (the primary ingredient in antifreeze). It is also used to make polyethylene oxide, and both the lowmolecular-weight and high-molecular-weight polymers have many applications including as detergent additives. it is rarely shipped outside the manufacturing facility but instead is often pumped directly to a nearby consumer. The first two streams are Ethylene and oxygen they connected to a mixer which also have recycle stream came from co₂ removal, then stream 1,2 and 3 with heater connected becomes stream 4 goes to steam splitter and then to the reactor is (Plug Flow Reactor-PFR), we use three reactors for this process then one more mixer settler connects stream 5 should have to cool down, hence we add one cooler to cool down the fluid then we get stream no 6 which move forward to absorption tower where Ethylene oxide absorbed into water. The overhead vapor from the absorber (containing typically <100 ppm of EO) is sent to the carbon dioxide removal unit comprising of a two-column absorber/stripper unit where a portion of the carbon dioxide is removed using hot potassium carbonate solution and purged from the system. This stream is sent to a stripping column where the majority of EO is sent overhead and condensed. The dissolved gases are vented from the overhead reflux drum and a 99.5% EO stream is produced as overhead product. The bottom stream from the stripping column contains water and trace amounts of EO. This stream is

cooled and may be recycled back to the absorber. From this process simulation we try to show how the ethylene oxide production plant works in real life application.

Thermodynamic Package:

• Global model of Modified UNIFAC (Dortmund) (and Raoult's Law as local model for absorption tower)



Flow Sheet :

Result:

| Object | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 (1) | 4 (2) | 4 (3) | 5 | 5 (1) | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|--------|
| Temperature | 50 | 50 | 55.1087 | 224.6 | 224.6 | 224.6 | 224.6 | 224.6 | 224.6 | С |
| Pressure | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 21.2198 | 21.2198 | bar |
| Molar Flow | 334.676 | 365.285 | 16275.7 | 16275.7 | 5425.49 | 5425.49 | 5424.68 | 16149.5 | 5383.42 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Oxygen | 0 | 365.285 | 1195.48 | 1195.48 | 398.512 | 398.512 | 398.452 | 830.33 | 276.791 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Methane | 1.0131 | 0 | 9727.03 | 9727.03 | 3242.51 | 3242.51 | 3242.02 | 9727.03 | 3242.51 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Carbon dioxide | 0 | 0 | 833.841 | 833.841 | 277.961 | 277.961 | 277.919 | 993.14 | 331.063 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Ethylene | 333.663 | 0 | 4463.79 | 4463.79 | 1488 | 1488 | 1487.78 | 4131.74 | 1377.32 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Ethylene oxide | 0 | 0 | 0.010626 | 0.010626 | 0.003542 | 0.003542 | 0.003542 | 252.409 | 84.1404 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Water | 0 | 0 | 55.5008 | 55.5008 | 18.5012 | 18.5012 | 18.4984 | 214.8 | 71.6034 | kmol/h |

| Object | 5 (2) | 5 (3) | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------|
| Temperature | 224.6 | 224.6 | 68.5 | 65.313 | 42.9421 | 155.5 | 34.4122 | 34.4122 | С |
| Pressure | 21.2198 | 21.2198 | 21.2198 | 21 | 20 | 5.5 | 4.9 | 4.9 | bar |
| Molar Flow | 5383.42 | 5382.61 | 16149.5 | 7404.44 | 15745 | 7146.07 | 248.364 | 10.008 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Oxygen | 276.791 | 276.749 | 830.33 | 0.103958 | 830.231 | 9.72E-20 | 0.000254 | 0.103705 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Methane | 3242.51 | 3242.02 | 9727.03 | 1.11783 | 9725.93 | 8.81E-19 | 0.002823 | 1.11501 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Carbon dioxide | 331.063 | 331.014 | 993.14 | 2.20292 | 990.932 | 5.76E-19 | 0.110726 | 2.09222 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Ethylene | 1377.32 | 1377.11 | 4131.74 | 1.77499 | 4129.96 | 6.33E-19 | 0.018175 | 1.75683 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Ethylene oxide | 84.1404 | 84.1279 | 252.409 | 252.376 | 0.032531 | 0.191462 | 247.246 | 4.9384 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Water | 71.6034 | 71.5928 | 214.8 | 7146.87 | 67.9292 | 7145.88 | 0.98566 | 0.001828 | kmol/h |

| Object | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 15 A | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|------|----------|----------|----------|--------|
| Temperature | 42.9421 | 25 | 42.9421 | 55.9043 | 55.9043 | С |
| Pressure | 20 | 21 | 20 | 23 | 23 | bar |
| Molar Flow | 169.668 | 7000 | 15575.3 | 15575.3 | 15575.2 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Oxygen | 0.015363 | 0 | 830.216 | 830.216 | 830.209 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Methane | 9.73E-07 | 0 | 9725.93 | 9725.93 | 9725.85 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Carbon dioxide | 157.199 | 0 | 833.733 | 833.733 | 833.726 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Ethylene | 4.13E-07 | 0 | 4129.96 | 4129.96 | 4129.92 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Ethylene oxide | 0.021909 | 0 | 0.010622 | 0.010622 | 0.010622 | kmol/h |
| Molar Flow (Mixture) / Water | 12.4316 | 7000 | 55.4976 | 55.4976 | 55.4972 | kmol/h |

References

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